

*kal* (qal) (A,T) word /as such also a person of the Trinity/;  
*cal* (Som) rocky mountain, stone, rock;  
*kala* (qalaa) (O) stubble; short throwing-stick; (qaalaa) cave  
*kala-a* (O) empty cartridge

JDF23	Kala Gud (Gala G., Cala G.) 08°21'/44°35'	08/44	[+ WO Gz]
HDT00	Kala Kenditi (K'ala K'enditi, Qala Qenditi) 09°57'/38°30' 2213 m, east of Tulu Milki Coordinates would give map code HDL91	09/38	[AA Gz q]
H....	Kala sub-district (centre in 1964 = Miam Atal)	13/38?	[Ad]
HCE14c	Kalacha, valley in Sidamo Prospecting for gold: The Kalacha placer is 10 km long, horseshoe-shaped and fairly broad and occurs at the foot of low hills where Shakiso and Odo villages are situated. Drilling carried out in 1948 did not indicate attractive results. The upper end of the Kalacha valley continues through a narrow gold field. [Mineral 1966]	05/38	[Mi]
HDP..	Kalacha (There is an Oromo word <i>kalecha</i> meaning yesterday.) A place towards Wanbera (Debre Zeyit) and Matie river. [Cheesman 1936]	10/35	[Ch]
JCE18	Kalafo, see Kelafo		
HEU33	Kalaga, see Falaga, cf Kalega kalaha: <i>kallahaad</i> (Som) getting up early		
JEC70	Kalaha (Calaha) (area)	11/41	[+ WO]

*kalala* (O) 1. hair style for warriors, with wreaths of leaves;  
2. plant fed to cows to give more milk, climber with large leaves, *Ipomoea wightii?*, *Thunbergia alata?*; (Konso) evergreen shrub, the leaves of which are used to decorate carved wooden figures of the dead; *kalale* (O) newly-wed woman; hair style of married women, with big "balls"; (Bale O) *Stephania abyssinica*

HDT54	Kalala, see Kelela		
HE...	Kalala Lt Col. Boustead, while moving his forces toward Debre Tabor around 1 May 1941, at Kalala took the submission of the pro-Italian Dejazmach Ijegur. [Shirreff 1995 p 175]	11/37?	[n]
??	Kalala /which one?:/ An elementary school building constructed of concrete elements and with Swedish assistance through ESBU was completed around 1970. [SIDA 1971]		
JDD50	Kalala (area)	08/42	[WO]
HBT75	Kalalaki (Calalachi, Colalocia) (ridge) 05°15'/38°56'	05/38	[+ WO Gz]
JDD40	Kalalo (Calalo) (area)	08/42	[+ WO]
HBP33	Kalam, see Kelem		
HEK50	Kalamak (Calamac) (small island) <i>kalame</i> (qalamee) (O) vervet monkey	12/37	[+ Gu]
HDA33	Kalame (T. Calame) (hill) <i>kalami</i> (O) ink, paint, colours; <i>calaamee</i> (Som) to brand, to put a mark on	08/35	[+ WO]
??	Kalamis, in Bale There are salines. [Mineral 1966]	../..	[Mi]
KDB15	<i>kalana</i> (O) cave Kalanowale (Qalanoale) (area)	08/46	[+ WO]

	<i>kalat</i> (qalat) (A,T) words; <i>qalat</i> (Arabic) hill		
HFC40	Kalat Hameg (Qalat Hameg) (area) kalat wod abshar: <i>abshir</i> (Som) good news, congratulations; <i>Abshir</i> , a man's name	13/36	[+ WO]
HFC31	Kalat Wod Abshar(Qalat Uod Absciar)area)	13/36	[+ WO]
HCM47	Kalata (Calata) 08°42'/39°59' 1258 m, south of Goba cf Keleta	08/39	[Wa Gz]
HDJ46	Kalata (Calata) (area) /the one above?/: During the battle of Qalata in June 1886, hundreds of Shewan soldiers were killed by Gosaa Dilamo's Oromo forces during a night surprise attack on Menilek at his temporary camp of Dibbe. The camp was completely burnt. [Abbas Haji]	09/37	[+ WO]
HDT42	Kalata, see Keleta		
HDT54	Kalata, see Kelela		
??	<i>kalate</i> (O) 1. Moslem; 2. point of honour Kalati In the Kalati river about 10 km south-east of Katama /which one?/, a seam of coal about 50-60 cm thick is located in the sandstone of the upper level of the Urris series. [Mineral 1966]	../..	[Mi]
JCC32c	Kalawlo (Kalaulo)	05/41	[+ WA]
JDP17	Kalawni (Calaoni) (area) kalay: <i>kelay</i> (qäläy) (T) lake	10/41	[+ WO]
KCR88	Kalayu Oman (area)	07/47	[WO]
HDB91	Kalcha (K'alcha, Qalcha) 09°01'/35°47' 1812 m south of Gimbi	09/35	[Gz q]
HBS26	Kalchati (Calciati) (mountain) 04°48'/38°04' 1550 m	04/38	[+ WO Gz]
JC...	Kaldash (mountain)	06/42	[18]
HDA87	Kalderini (Calderini), see under Yubdo	08/35	[+ WO]
HCE25c	Kalecha Valley east of Agere Maryam and south of Kibre Mengist. The valley is composed of schists for most of its course; however, in its higher course it is covered by volcanic rocks. [Mineral 1966]	05/38	[Mi]
JCC22	Kalech (Calec) (mountain) 05°40'/41°50' 427 m cf Kelecha <i>kalecha</i> (O) yesterday	05/41	[Gz WO]
JDK06	Kalega (Calega) 09°07'/43°08' 1684 m	09/43	[Wa Gz]
JBP23	Kalegur (Calegur) 04°45'/41°02' (locality, small area)	04/41	[+ WO Gz]
HFD42	Kalema (Calama) (local centre)	13/37	[n Gu]
HFF04c	Kalesha Imini (centre in 1964 of Dessa sub-district)	13/39	[Ad]
HFD12	Kali (K'ali, Qali) 13°41'/37°46' 882 m	13/37	[Gz q]
HCD64	Kalia (mountain)	06/37	[Br Ca]
HEU01	Kalia Maryam (K'ali'a M.) (church) 12°43'/39°28' south-west of Maychew	12/39	[Gz]
HCH51	Kalicha (Caliccia) 06°50'/35°52' 1782 m cf Kallecha	06/35	[+ n]
HEE26	Kalicho (K'alicho, Qalicho) 11°05'/39°00' 2390 m	11/39	[Gz q]
JDK62	Kaligi (Calighi, Caligi) 09°39'/42°38' 1690/1923 m north-west of Jijiga <i>kalim</i> (qalim) (A) river bank	09/42	[+ Gu Gz]
HEM23	Kalim (sub-district, centre in 1964 = Robit)	12/39	[Ad]

HDG88	Kalisi (Callissi, T.) (hill)	09/35	[+ WO]
JDJ24	Kaliso 09°18'/42°02' 1919 m, west of Harar	09/42	[Gz]
	kalitie: <i>kallitti</i> (O) wife of <i>kallu</i> , ritual expert		
	<b>Kaliti</b> (village as below?:)		
	There is lake Hora Kiloli 5 km from the village.		
HDE73	Kalitie (Kallitti, Calliti) (centre in 1964 of Endode sub-district)	08/38	[Ad x It]
	Small railway station between Addis Abeba and Akaki.		
	The Italians wanted to make an agricultural-industrial village there, to be named <i>Villaggio Torino</i> .		
GDF45c	Kalkalcha (Calcalcia), see under Dembidolo	08/34	[+ Gu]
HFF43	Kalkalet Iyesus (K'alk'alet I.) (church) 13°59'/39°40'	13/39	[Gz]
	east of Hawzen		
	<i>kalla</i> (O) 1. sacrifice, slaughter; 2. (qalla) lightweight, slender, thin /liquid or cotton thread/;		
	<i>kallah</i> (Som) get up and go, set out early in the morning		
HBf90	Kalla (area)	03/39	[WO]
HEF73c	Kalla (Calla) (mountain)	11/39	[+ Gu]
JDH31	Kalladu (Calladu) 09°22'/40°49' 1268 m	09/40	[+ n]
JDH33	Kalladu, see Dalladu		
JCE18	Kallafo, see Kelafo		
JDN77c	Kallalu (Callalu) (wadi area)	10/40	[+ Gu]
JFA66	Kallalu (in salt depression, at shore)	14/40	[Ne]
	kallamoch: <i>kelemoch</i> (qälämoch) (A) colours, inks, paints, pens		
HEK51	Kallamoch (Qallamoch)	12/37	[+ Ch]
??	Kallanko (Kallanco), in Sidamo	../..	[Mi]
	Zircon occurs in the same area as rutile. The highest concentration of zircon occurs in the coarse fraction of Kallanko with about 23 kg per cubic metre.		
	[Mineral 1966]		
JEJ35	Kallassa (Callassa) (waterhole)	12/42	[+ WO]
	<i>kalle</i> (O) skin, dried and used for sitting or sleeping on		
HCM17	Kalle (Calle) 06°28'/39°58' 1203 m	06/39	[+ WO Gz]
JEB31	Kalle Ali 11°08'/40°46' 444 m, att Awash river	11/40	[Gz]
	<i>kallecha</i> (O) disciple; <i>kalacha</i> (O) strip of metal, passed from father to son and considered the most important amulet in a family; <i>kallicha</i> (qallicha) (O) male magician, ritual expert;		
	<i>kallacho</i> (qallacho) (Kefa) band worn by warriors and bearing a phallus		
HDE61	Kallecha (Calleccia), cf Kalicha	08/38	[+ WO]
JB...	Kalleja (Callegia)	../..	[+ Gu]
	kallo: <i>Afran Kallo</i> , one of the main groups of the Oromo		
	Kallo, cf Kalo		
HEF84	Kallo (Calloh) mountain 11°35'/39°46' 1990 m	11/39	[Gz]
HEF84	Kallo sub-district (centre in 1964 = Gurarba)	11/39	[Ad]
HBU01	Kalneheri, G. (area)	04/39	[WO]
	<i>kalo</i> (O) 1. grass, grazing area; 2. belly of sheep or goat;		
	3. inaccessible; (T) corn, callus; <i>kallo</i> (qalloo) (O) thin		
HDE70	Kalo (K'alo, Qalo) 08°48'/38°27' 2132 m	08/38	[Gz q]
	(with church Medhane Alem), south-west of Sebeta		

- HDK.. **Kalo**, ford in Abay river, 990 m 09/37 [Ch]  
 1930: The usual road for Gindeberet caravans going to Gojjam crossed the Abay at Kalo ford. Kalo had replaced two other fords within 3 km of each other, Furi and Kuki. (Gz coordinates 09°51'/37°36' for Melka Furi would make map code HDK81.)  
 "As the river was low, a cataract came between Kuki and Kalo, and at Kalo there was another shingle island -- Six miles /10 km/ downstream of the ford we could see one of the toes of the Zemmi hill on the right bank running down to meet a similar toe of the Gindabret Hills on the left bank. A narrow cleft divides them, through which the Abbai squeezes --"  
 "At Kalo Ford the main channel was about 150 yards wide, and the speed of the current four miles an hour (6½ km/h). The island of boulders and shingle was 20 yards wide, and close to the right bank there was a further 50 yards of shallows -- Steep-sided soft sand-banks about 18 feet /6 m/ high lined the right bank; behind these were cliffs of sandstone 30 feet high. A mule took 3 minutes 30 seconds to ford the main channel and covered the distance from bank to bank in 11 minutes."  
 "While we were at the ford we witnessed a primitive scene when some merchants who had come down with their mules to cross waited while one of their party dragged a goat down to the water and slaughtered it in order to conciliate the spirit of the river. It seemed an unnecessary precaution with the river so low, but superstition is strong, and the party undoubtedly reached the other bank in safety."  
 "Our tents were pitched under big tamarind trees that gave very welcome shade, as they were in full leaf while most other forest trees were bare of foliage and would remain so until a month or two later. During the evening my collector came in with a specimen of Harwood's Francolin, a rare bird of the partridge family. The first I had seen was the one given to me by Ras Hailu, and this was the second in my collection, and actually only the third specimen that had ever been obtained. Throughout the night one heard the notes of the tiny Scops Owl that live in great numbers in the tamarinds lining the banks of the river. The call exactly resembles the tinkling of a little brass bell."  
 [Cheesman 1936 p 299-301]  
 pict R E Cheesman, Lake Tana .., London 1936 p 293 ford below Zemmi
- JEB69 Kalo (Calo) (area), cf Kallo, Kelo .. 11/41 [+ WO]  
 JDD08c Kalro (Calro) 08/43 [+ Wa]  
 HFF03 Kalti (K'alt'i, Qalti) 13°34'/39°40' 2344 m 13/39 [Gz q]  
 south of Agula
- kalu* (O) near; (qaluu) 1. to slaughter, to sacrifice;  
 2. to roast coffee beans; *kallu* (qaallu, qalluu) (O) ritual expert, priest of traditional Oromo religion;  
*kalu* (qalu) (A) the word; *kaloo* .. (Som) another ..
- JCP17 Kalu 07°25'/41°23' 1085 m 07/41 [WO Gz]  
 JDJ26 Kalu (K'alu, Qalu) 09°16'/42°11' 1510 m, near Harar 09/42 [Gz q]  
 JDN92 Kalu awraja (Qalu ..) (-1959-1987-) 10°50'/40°00' 11/39 [Gz Ad x]  
 (centre at least in 1959-1980 = HEF24 Kombolcha)
- HEF26 Kalu sub-district? (-1997-) 11/39 [n]  
 HEF26 Kalu wereda (centre in 1964 = Ancharo) 11/39 [Ad]  
 JDJ41 Kalubi, see Kulubi  
 HFD09 Kalvedin (Calvedin) c1700 m 13/38 [+ Gu]  
 JDK38 Kalyeda (Calieda) (area) 09/43 [+ WO]
- kama* (qaama) (O) body /of person or animal/  
 GDM42 Kama (K'ama, Qama, Cama) 09°25'/34°32' 1642 m 09/34 [Gz q WO]  
 north of Begi
- H... Kama 08/36 [18]  
 HFD09 Kama (Cama) (mountain) 2765 m 13/38 [+ WO Gu Gz]

HFD09	Kama 13°35'/38°23' 2252/2765 m		
??	Kamaboker (Camaboker) in Ogaden not far from the border of Somalia UNCHR distributed much water to the refugee camp there in 2000. <i>kamacha</i> (qamachaa) (O) dirty stains on human feet; <i>kammachu</i> (O) warm oneself by the fire	../..	[20]
HDB07	Kamache (Camacce) (area) <i>kamadi</i> (qamadii), <i>kamado</i> (O) wheat, <i>Triticum aestivum</i> , <i>T. sativum</i> , <i>T. vulgare</i> ; <i>kamadua</i> (A) kind of small shrub, <i>Pavetta abyssinica</i>	08/36	[+ WO]
HCK19	Kamadu (K'amadu, Qamadu, Cavada) 06°28'/38°20' 1778/1848 m, see under Dilla Village 10 km before Dilla town.	06/38	[WO Gz q]
??	Kamadur (Camadur) (mountain at border) A habitated place and a mountain "where according to British maps the border of Sudan is supposed to pass". [Guida 1938]	../..	[+ Gu]
??	Kamaduro (Camaduro) (small settlement) A few houses on high ground. [Guida 1938]	../..	[+ Gu]
1930s			
HER00	Kamakela (Camachela) (area)	12/36	[+ WO]
H....	Kamamli	10/35	[18]
	<i>Kamant</i> , <i>Kemant</i> , <i>Qamant</i> , <i>Qimant</i> , ethnic group who were the last remnants of pagan Agew and who live in the mountains around Gondar and some other places, numbering about 172,327 according to the 1994 census.		
text	F.C. Gamst, <i>The Qemant: a pagan Hebraic peasantry of Ethiopia</i> , New York 1969, "represents the extent of our ethnographic knowledge of any Agew people".		
HER24	Kamant (Camant) (area)	12/36	[+ WO]
HCC76	Kamba 06°09'/37°12' 1832 m After a landslide the village was provided with emergency provisions dropped by airplanes which flew from a base camp which had just been established at Bulki in mid- 1975. [Svenska vingar .., 1999 p 47]	06/37	[Gz]
	<i>Kambata</i> , large ethnic group numbering about one million, of which 80% Orthodox or Evangelical Christians		
HCS33	Kambata (Kambatta) .., see Kambata ..		
HES22	Kambildge (Cambildge) 12°54'/37°46' 2617 m (with church Maryam) <i>kambo</i> (O) bog, swamp; (T) camp	12/37	[+ WO Gu Gz]
HDL62	Kambo 09°40'/38°38' 2679 m, south-west of Fiche	09/38	[AA Gz]
HEF24	Kambolcha, see Kombolcha		
JDJ45	Kambolcha, see Kembolcha <i>kame</i> (qamä) (A) swallow without chewing, eat granular or powdery things from the hand		
HDL81	Kame (K'ame, Qame) 09°48'/38°32' 3027 m west of Fiche	09/38	[AA Gz q]
HEK32	Kameam (Cameam) (area), see u. Yifag	12/37	[+ WO]
HBS94	Kameyo (Cameio), see under Burji	05/37	[+ WO]
HEC89	<b>Kamforo</b> (with ferry in the 1930's), near Bahir Dar 1933: Used to be the main crossing of the Abay, where goods during the highwater season	11/37	[Ch]

passed over in *tankwas*.

"The flow at Kamforo is deep and swift, the water-level is only about ten feet below that of Lake Tana, and it is curious that the lagoon there should be the limit of the crocodile range on the Blue Nile. While there are a few small cataracts between here and the lake, which is only a mile away, there is no natural obstacle that would stop a crocodile from entering Lake Tana if it wished, and yet although the hippopotamus lives there the crocodile is never seen."

"I was told that at Kamforo /a crocodile/ had killed a bull-terrier belonging to a European. A few days later the crocodile paid the penalty, being killed with a rifle."

pict R E Cheesman, Lake Tana .., London 1936 p 156 Abay looking upstream

*kamke* (O) spark

GDD27	Kamkere	08/33	[WO]
HEF36	Kamkim (K'amk'im, Qamqim) 11°11'/39°58' 1772 m east of Dessie	11/39	[Gz q]
	kammu: <i>kamu</i> (qamuu) (O) 1. to taste, to chew / <i>chat</i> /; 2. bark; 3. body; (T) kind of shrub or small tree, Maytenus ovatus		
JDC97c	Kammu (Cammu) (area) 09°02'/42°16'	09/42	[+ Gu Gz]
	<i>kamo</i> , <i>kammo</i> (qammo), <i>kimmo</i> (A) kinds of shrub or small tree, Rhus abyssinica, R. glutinosa, R. vulgaris; (A,O) flavour, taste; (qamo) (T) Maytenus ovatus; <i>caamo</i> (Som) people not educated in the Islamic law; <i>cammo</i> (Som) blindness		
HBK99	Kamo (Camo, Comao) 04°29'/38°24' 1503 m near map code HBL90	04/38	[Gz WO Wa]
HCR43	Kamo (Camo) 07°39'/36°56' 1814 m	07/36	[+ WO Gz]
	kamona: <i>kammona</i> (qammona) (O) kind of plant with pungent smelling leaves; <i>kamuni</i> (O) Trachyspermum copticum, Foeniculum vulgare		
JDJ43	Kamona (Camona), see under Kersa	09/41	[+ WO]
HER38	Kampau (Campau, Camfau) (hill) 12°53'/37°28'	12/37	[Gz WO]
	<i>Kamtanga</i> , ethnic group in central Ethiopia, numbering about 5,000 according to Levinson in 1998		
HDA74	Kamu (Camu), see Gombo		
	<i>kana</i> (kana) (A) patriarch's chair; (qana) (A,T) melody; (A,O) flavour, taste; <i>kana</i> (O) this; for these		
HEK05	Kanat (K'anat, Qanat) 11°49'/38°02' 2421 m near Debre Tabor	11/38	[Gz q]
HEJ06	Kanawela (Canaela)	11/37	[+ WO]
HE...	Kanburah (Qanburah) (historically recorded)	12/37	[+ Pa]
	Imam Ahmäd defeated the Ethiopian Emperor in March 1531, after which Ahmäd proceeded to Qanburah, which was situated above the principal market of Däwaro. Ahmäd's men remained at Qanburah for a week, at the end of which the Somalis among them wanted to defect. [Pankhurst 1997]		
	kanbwat: <i>kenbet</i> (qänbät) (A) twig, shoot		
HDS26c	Kanbwat (Kanbuat) (area)	10/38	[+ Ch]
	<i>kanchara</i> (qanchara) (O) 1. stunted; 2. mature		
JDB51	Kanchara (Canciara) (area)	08/40	[+ WO]
JDC31	Kanchara (Cancera) (area)	08/41	[+ WO]
HDE22	Kandaltiti (K'andaltiti, Qandaltiti)	08/38	[Gz q]

	08°24'/38°37' 2249 m		
	kandarre: <i>qandhar</i> (Som) stubborn or obstinate person		
JDC48	Kandarre (Candarre) (area)	08/42	[+ WO]
HE...	Kandera (centre in 1964 of Motie sub-district)	11/39	[Ad]
GC...	Kandibab	07/33?	[Mi]
	A tributary of the Akobo river. The local inhabitants used to work the deposits with hand tools and gold pans.		
	[Mineral 1966]		
??	Kandida Gamela wereda, in Tambaro-Alaba Zone	../..	[20]
	In the June 2000 re-elections, the Southern Coalition (SEPDC) was defeated with a substantial margin. They considered that the elections had not been fair. The EPRDF put people under pressure at points for relief food distribution. The SEPDC were prevented from campaigning in the villages. People were also cheated to believe that the symbol of a bee was for Beyene Petros and the symbol of an elephant for the EPRDF, while the truth was the opposite. Several opposition party members were imprisoned for some time and so prevented from campaigning.		
	[S Pausewang, Nordem Report, 2001]		
	kandurra: <i>qandhuur</i> (Som) vagina of woman /not of animal/		
JCR92	Kandurra (Candurra) (area)	08/41	[+ WO]
HES98	Kaneki (Canechi) (area) 13°20'/38°20' 3176 m	13/38	[+ WO Gz]
??	Kanga	05/36	[20]
	a Bumi village at some distance from the Murle camp		
HC...	Kangaro	05/36	[n]
	One of four villages which in 1975 received together about 5000 kg of emergency food by "bombing" from the air.		
	kangu: <i>kanko</i> (Sidamo O) kind of small tree, <i>Embelia schimperi</i>		
HDE67	Kangu (Cangu)	08/39	[+ WO]
	kaniss: <i>kannisa</i> (O) bee		
HDM41	Kaniss (Caniss) (mountain) 09°26'/39°28' 2805 m	09/39	[+ Gz]
HB...	Kanjaro (mountain)	04/37	[18]
HEM37	Kankanit Mikael (Cancanit Micael)	12/39	[+ It]
	see under Lalibela		
HFC69	Kankar (area)	14/37	[WO]
HC...	Kankicho (Qanqicho)	07/37	[+ Ad]
	(centre in 1964 of Sirara sub-district)		
	<i>kanta</i> (T) kinds of thorn tree, <i>Acacia</i> spp.		
HCA65	Kanta (G. Canta) 06°03'/35°16' 1517/1940 m	06/35	[+ WO Gz]
	see under Tsilmamo, cf Keneta		
HCA75	Kanta (Canta) (place), see under Tsilmamo	06/35	[+ WO]
HES41	Kanta (Canta), see Kenta		
	<i>kantafa</i> (Harar O) kinds of shrub or climber, <i>Entadopsis</i> ( <i>Entada</i> ) <i>abyssinica</i> , <i>Pterolobium stellatum</i> ;		
	<i>kentaffa</i> (qänt'affa) (A,T), <i>kantufa</i> (A) climber of the Leguminosae family, <i>Pterolobium stellatum</i>		
HEC64	Kantafa (Cantafa), see Kentefa		
HEJ87	Kantafa (Cantafa)	12/37	[+ WO]
HDE25	Kanteri 08°24'/39°01' 1590 m	08/39	[Gz]
	at Awash river north of Ziway		
GDF65c	Kanyaz (Caniaz) (market) 1900 m	08/34	[+ Gu]
	Market, with fertile ground and dense forest in the neighbourhood.		
	[Guida 1938]		

	<i>kao</i> (O) hole, orifice;		
	<i>ka-o</i> (qaoo) so firm that it does not peel easily		
HDK80	Kao (Cao) (with church), cf Kaw	09/37	[+ WO]
H CJ91	Kaodsho (Caoggio) 07°14'/36°41' 1962 m near map code HCR00, east of Bonga Coordinates would give map code HCJ90	07/36	[Gz WO]
HDG09	Kape (T. Cape) (hill) <i>kapi</i> (O) humid, soaked	09/35	[+ WO]
HDG08	Kapi (Capi) 09°04'/35°33' 1679 m, cf Tulu Kapi	09/35	[+ WO Gz]
HDM..	<b>Kaplan forest</b>	09/39	[x]
1960s	This forest is 17 km beyond the Awara Melka plantation "but it is difficult to find without a guide. If you can find this wonderland, which is concealed from the road by a maze of lava outcroppings, you will come upon a bush country which seems never to have known the presence of man. Bushbuck, oryx, gazelle, lesser kudu, warthog and baboon are very slow to move out of the way." [Welcome to Ethiopia, AA circa 1965 p 78]		
HCR86	Kaporicha (Caporiccia) (pass)	07/37	[+ WO]
JCL35	Kapotinak (Capotinac, Captonac) (with waterholes) 06°30'/43°50' 446 m	06/43	[+ WO Gz]
HFC41	Kapta Messil (Capta M.) (hill) 13°59'/36°44'	13/36	[+ WO Gz]
JCL35	Kaptonach (Captonac) (waterholes)	06/43	[+ WO]