	0.00.111/07-571.0010	00/05	
HDD04	Gus 08°11'/37°57' 2012 m	08/37	[n]
HDF03	Gusa 08°10'/39°40' 2636 m	08/39	[n]
Some of the Argobba ethnic group are said to live in Gusa around 1990.			1990.
JCN29 JCK24	Gusara, see Gure	06/42	[LM WO]
HFE65c	Gusasale (Guasasali) 609 m Gusaso (Gossoso) (mountain)	14/38	[LM WO] [Gu]
HEC58	Guscam, see Kwoskwam	14/30	[Ou]
HDT06	Gusema Amba 10°01'/39°01' 2306 m	10/39	[MS]
HD100 HDJ23	Gushis (mountain) 09°18'/36°57' peak 1961 m	09/36	[MS]
JCS84	Gusins (mountain) 09/18/30/37/peak 1901 m Gusjuf (Gusgiuf) (area)	09/30	[WIS] [+ WO]
HDM32	Guskuste (Guscuste), see u. Gina Ager	08/42	[+ WO] [+ WO]
HEL42	Guskwa Maryam (Gusqua Mariam) 2279 m	12/38	[+ WO] [+ WO]
111111142	gusra ali, cf <i>Ali</i> as first part of name	12/30	[+ ₩0]
JDN65	Gusra Ali (waterhole) 830 m	10/40	[MS WO]
	guta (T) drag		
HCP96	Guta (area), cf Gota	08/36	[WO]
HDE53	Guta (village near Awash)	08/38	[x]
HEC45	Guta (area and place), cf Zenzanaba	11/37	[WO]
HEC	Guta (sub-district, centre in 1964 = Tinishu Abay)	11/37	[Ad]
HEC55c	Guta	11/37	[Gu]
pict	Gli annali dell'Africa Italiana, anno I vol II, Roma 1938		
-	p 606-607[5] three photos of waterfall of the Little Abay	у	
JDH38	Guta, G. (area) 2487 m	09/41	[WO]
HDT17	Gutazer 08°19'/38°12' 2448 m, cf Guttoser	08/38	[n]
	gutba: gudba (A) ditch		
HEU50	Gutba Hairat (G. Hairiat) (area) 2479/2800 m	13/39	[WO Gu n]
HDC90	Gute (Gutei, Gutie) 09°01'/36°40' 1924/1970 m	09/36	[MS WO Gu n]
HDC90	Gute (with sub P.O.), cf Gutey		
HDD41	Gute 08°33'/37°40' 1872 m	08/37	[MS]
HDD45	Gute 08°34'/37°58' 2087 m	08/37	[MS]
HDH09c		09/36	[LM Ad]
	(centre in 1964 of Komto sub-district)		
	The primary school (in Leka awraja) in 1968 had		
	279 boys and 31 girls, with 7 teachers.	00/06	
HDJ24	Gute 09°16'/36°58' 2023 m	09/36	[MS]
HDK72	Gute 2445 m	09/37	[AA]
HDG17	Gute Likasa 09°13'/35°28' 1599 m	09/35	[MS]
??	Gute Seddo	/ Iinaral 106	[Mi]
HDK15	In the Nejo region of Wellega. There are coal seams. [M Gute Shemela (Adokelie, Gutie) 3049 m	$\frac{11100}{09/38}$	[AA Ad]
IIDKIJ	(centre in 1964 of Ilfeta sub-district?)	09/38	
HDC91	Gutey 09°01'/36°43' 1600 m, cf HDC90 Gute	09/36	[n]
HBR27	Guti (area)	04/37	[MS WO]
HDG57	Guti Mudema (hill), see under Nejo	09/35	[WO]
HEE35	Gutich 11°13'/38°57' 2545 m	11/38	[n]
HDC90	Gutie, see Gute	11/50	[11]
HDJ40	Gutin, T. (hill) 1740 m	09/36	[WO]
HED82	Gutmera (Gut'mera) 11°35'/37°45' 2379 m	11/37	[MS]
	guto (O) 1. cave, lair; 2. bird cage, hatchery for hens;		
	gutto (A,O) stump of tree, short and stout person;		
	guuto (Som) group of warriors		
HB	Guto (some kilometres from Arero)	04/38	[X]
	"Guto is the large and permanent settlement of the K'all		•
	of the Borana. In mid 1963 there was an important elect	tion of adu	la councilors Att

of the Borana. In mid-1963 there was an important election of *adula* councilors. At that

time the Kallu of those days was not yet of age.

"The young ritual leader was constrained by many taboos. He was not allowed to travel alone or to carry arms. -- Until he came of age, his oldest half-brother, Boru Tutto, would continue to act in his stead."

Before the election there was so much tension that the governor in Arero was asked to send policemen to help the Kallu defend his village. Six young councilors were finally elected. For many months afterwards the outcome was contested. [Asmarom Legesse, Gada.., 1973 p 205-220]

HDB55	Guto 08°40'/36°12' 1769 m	08/36	[n]
HDD62	Guto 08°43'/37°45' 2899 m	08/37	[n]
HDF75	Guto 1051 m	08/39	[WO]
HDJ00	Guto 09°07'/36°37' 1969 m	09/36	[n]
HDJ16	Guto 09°09'/37°10' 1855 m	09/37	[n]
HDL44	Guto 2277 m	09/38	[AA]
HED57	Guto (Gut'o) 11°24'/38°13' 2565 m	11/38	[MS]
??	Guto Gida sub-district (-1997-)	/	[n]
HDR50	Gutr (mountain) 1189 m	10/36	[WO]
HCC94	Gutta, see Gota		
HDT18	Guttoser, cf Gutazer	08/38	[WO]
	guttu (O) 1. ball, bullet; 2. to be determined, ardent,		
	intense, vehement; 3. to bathe, to flood, to inundate		
JDB29	Guttu 1257/1367 m	08/41	[WO]
	gutu (O) 1. top, summit, highest point; 2. abundance, cr	owd;	
	3. to be full, to fill; complete or full /war/; 4. hair style		
	for men, with several tufts interwoven and twisted behin	nd the	
	head; long ago /e.g. just after year 1600/ the gutu cerem	ony	
	of cutting the hair of a warrior was to show that he had		
	successfully killed an enemy		
HDF66	Gutu 08°45'/39°52' 1051 m	08/39	[n]
JDB85	Gutu (area), cf Goro Gutu	08/41	[WO]
JDA65	Gutu, G. (area) 2206 m	08/40	[WO]
JDJ17	Gutu 09°09'/42°19' 1477 m	09/42	[n]
JDC98	Gutuyu 09°01'/42°13' 1497 m	09/42	[n]
HEC39	Guvie	11/37	[WO]
HDL21	Guwa 2736 m, cf Gwa	09/38	[AA]
HFF61	Guwahigot (with two rock-hewn churches)	14/39	[X]
	see under Idaga Hamus		
	guya (A) breast, womb, lap; guyya (A) kind of small pig	geon;	
	guya, guia (O) conjuring, exorcising;		
	guyyaa (O) day, time before noon		
HFE04	Guya (Guia) 1927 m	13/38	[Ad Gu]
	(centre in 1964 of Ambera sub-district)		
JEH55	Guya (Guia, Gwia) (waterhole and plain)	12/41	[+ WO Ne]
	G 00-01/00-0400107	00/20	D (0)
HDE41	Guye 08°31'/38°34' 2437 m	08/38	[MS]
HDG65	Guye (Guie) (visiting postman under Gimbi) 1549 m	09/35	[Po Ad WO]
	The primary school (in Gimbi awraja) in 1968 had		
• ,	485 boys and 22 girls, with 4 teachers.		
pict	Bianchi 1896 p 325 residence of <i>shum</i> Dagaga (in which	-	D (0)
HDB71	Guyi 08°52'/35°47' 1834 m	08/35	[MS]
HDB91	Guyi (Guie) 08°50' or 52'/35°45' or 47' 1851/1950 m	08/35	[MS Ro WO Gu]
	(Guyi Hamus Gebeya)		
	Coordinates would give map code HDB70		

	guyo, guio (O) prohibition, detestation, hatred;				
	guuyo (Som) 1. small antelope, dikdik; 2. dwarf, small	person;			
	3. wealth, property, livestock				
HBK19	Guyo (area), cf Kuyew	03/38	[WO]		
HE	Guyo (ctr in 1964 of Agamsa sub-distr)	11/39	[Ad]		
	guyo adda: adda (O) forehead, brow, front side;				
	<i>Guyyo</i> , name /of an eldest son?/ among the Borana				
JDD98	Guyo Adda (Guio Adda, G. Ada) (area) 1505 m	08/43	[+ WO n]		
HBT	Guyo Boru	04/38?	[X]		
	Somewhere within the influence of Arero market.				
	A camp serving as the central meeting place for the celebrants of a <i>gada</i> ceremony of the				
	Borana /in the 1960s/.		•		
	[Asmarom Legesse, Gada, 1973 p 61]				
JDD98	Guyo Obolle (Guio Obolle) (area)	09/43	[+ WO]		
HDD45	Guyon, see Weliso				
HFE97	Guzar 14°24'/39°06' 1982 m	14/39	[n]		
111 227		1 1/07	[**]		
HEK42	Guzara, see Gazara				
HEK52	Guzara (Guzera, Gouzara)	12/37	[Gu Pa x n]		
1121(32	("Portuguese Castle", old name: Guba'é, Gubay)	12/37			
	Ruin of castle about 65 km from Gondar and 54 km fro	m Azezo			
	Emperor Minas (1559-1563) set up his abode at Emfra		un as Guzara His son		
	Sarsa Dengel (1563-1597) built there a strong stone ca				
	sight of the present-day Bahir Dar-Gondar road.	sue, uie iui	ins of which are wrunn		
	It was a significant step towards the transition by whic	h the "nom	adic Ethionian empire"		
	became "accustomed to the idea of a static capital".		aute Eunopian empire		
	1	er moved h	is capital to Ayba		
	Sarsa Dengel, apparently not satisfied with Guzara, later moved his capital to Ayba, immediately north of lake Tana. [Pankhurst, The Ethiopians, 1998 p 101-102] The queen mother and other high dignitaries followed Minas to Dambiya, where he so				
	founded his capital at Gubay in Emfraz.				
	[Mohammed 1994]	- F ara altara			
	According to one tradition, Sarsa Dengel employed tw				
	to build his palace at Guzara. In any case it was before	the period	of Portuguese builders		
	in the region.	D 1			
	By 1590, under constant pressure from the Barentu, Sa	•			
	was itself unsafe. As a result, he was forced to change	his court to	Ayba.		
[Mohammed 1994]					
1960s	Just after passing through the village Infras, 62 km from Gondar, one sees on the left the				
	castle high on a hill. After crossing the Garno river on		•		
	one will find various paths leading up to the castle, wh	ich it will t	ake at least half an hour		
	of steady climbing to reach.				
	The ground plan of the castle is rectangular with two round angle towers on the north and				
	one square tower on the opposite side. The building has two storeys with an outside				
	staircase to the upper floor. The square tower, which has collapsed, probably had two				
	more storeys. The castle is surrounded by a wall which gives evidence of having				
contained large gates. The site commands a magnificent view of the Dembiya pla the lake. [Jäger 1965 p 74] The ancient bridge in masonry with mortar is possibly the first major work built			he Dembiya plain and		
			•		
	Portuguese in Ethiopia. The castle was inhabited until about 1607. There were five rooms				
	in each of two storeys. [Guida 1938 p 380]				
picts	A A Monti della Corte, I castelli, Roma 1938				
-	p 109-110 plan and drawing of the castle;				
	O A Isaan Antiquities Stattaget 1065 of a OC hailes	1	(1		

O A Jäger, Antiquities ..., Stuttgart 1965 at p 96 bridge leading to the castle;

M Di Salvo, Churches, Milano 1999 p 19 hill and palace ruin,
p 47 drawing from Monti della Corte as above;
Hildemann & Fitzenreiter, Äthiopien, Hohenthann 1999 p 268 simple plan

HFE97	Guzat (area) 2223 m	14/39	[Gu]
GDU48	Guzen, see Gizen		
	guzo (A) caravan, march, expedition		
	gwa (A) cotton plant before harvesting time	10/20	
HDS08	Gwa Maryam (Gua Mariam) (church), cf Guwa gwa meda (A) cotton field	10/38	[+ WO]
Н	Gwa Meda (Guameda) (sub-district, centre in 1964 = Yegoda)	10/38	[+ Ad]
HEK44	Gwada 12°09'/37°57' 2350 m	12/37	[n]
??	Gwadit	/	[Ch]
1927	" one small torrent, which is marked on maps as the D		
	heard of locally." [Cheesman 1936]		
HFF53	Gwaggyem (Goaggiem, Goaggien)	14/39	[+ Gu WO]
HFF53	Gwaggyem 14°03'/39°40' 2978 m		[]
Н	Gwagusa (Guagussa)	10/37?	[+ Ad]
	(sub-district, centre in 1964 = Buya)		
Н	Gwagusa Wenbera sub-district (-1997-)	10/37?	[n]
HER27	Gwagwa (Guagua) (area)	12/37	[+ WO]
HFC19	Gwagwa (Guagwa) (village)	13/37	[+ WO]
	see under Adi Remet		
HEC78	Gwagwat (Guaguata) 1883 m	11/37	[n WO]
HEK06	Gwagwo (Guaguo)	11/38	[+ WO]
??	Gwahgot (area south of Adigrat) at river Sullo	/	[X]
HEJ20	Gwakwa (Guacua) (area)	12/36	[+ WO]
	gwal (T) girl, /also daughter?/;		
	(A) lump of earth, clod turned up in ploughing		
HEM70	Gwal 12°25'/39°21' 2111 m	12/39	[n]
HEM82c	Gwal Ashenge (Gual Ascianghi)	12/39	[+ Gu]
	Gwal Ashenge (swamp) 2430 m		
HFE67	Gwal Hatsey (Gual Hatzei, Gual Azai)	14/39	[WO Gu Wa]
	Gwal Hatsey (mountain) 2465/2647 m		
HFF71	Gwala (Guala) (village) 2409 m	14/39	[+ WO Gu 18]
	see under Adigrat, cf Guahla		
HEJ86	Gwang (Goang, Goangh) (large village)	12/37	[+ Gu WO]
	river at 12°55'/36°18'		
HOMAA	G (G) 1502/2005	0.6/20	r 4 13
HCK08	Gwangwa (Guangua) 1702/2995 m	06/38	[+ Ad]
1070	(centre in 1964 of Wenago sub-district)		
1960s	With a centre for community development.	12/20	
HEU54	Gwangwa (Guangua, Guanqua) 1344/2060 m	13/39	[+ Gu WO]
HEB26 HEB26	Gwangwa sub-district? (-1997-)	11/36	[+n]
HEB20	Gwangwa wereda (Guangua)	11/36	[+ Ad]
JDN29	(centre in 1964 = Kedamawi H. S. Ber) Gwani (Guani) (near Awash river), see Gewani		
HEE87	Gwani (Ouani) (near Awash river), see Gewani Gwanyoch 11°35'/39°06' 2964 m	11/39	[n]
JCH72	Gwara, see Guara	11/39	[11]
JCII/2	gwasa (T) shepherd		
HDU56	Gwasa (mountain) 10°24'/39°52' 2197 m	10/39	[n]
HE	Gwasa (mountain) 10-24739-52-2197 m Gwasa Meda (Guasameda)	10/39	[+ Ad]
111/	(centre in 1964 of Ligot sub-district)	11/07	[ייישי]
HEL82	Gwat (Gwat') 12°34'/38°40' 2046 m	12/38	[MS]
			[*.*~]

HEC96 HFF01 HDR38	Gwat Amba (Guatamba) Gwatrat (Guatrat) 2136 m Gway Maryam (Guai Mariam) 2012/2277 m gwaya (A) vetch, Vicia sativa; vetchling, Lathyrus sativ	11/37 13/39 10/37	[+ It] [+ Gu] [+ WO]	
HEE89	Gwayn Defer 11°39'/39°15' 2279 m gwaz (A) caravan; gueza (Som) kind of small or medium tree, Balanites aegyptiaca, which grows in dry land and	11/39 n	[n]	
HE	green spines; <i>gwasa</i> (T) shepherd Gwaza (Guaza) (sub-district & its centre in 1964)	11/39	[+ Ad]	
HCC71 HDM70	Gwazza (Guazza) Gwedew (Guedeu) 2970 m see under Mendida	06/37 09/39	[+ WO] [+ WO]	
??	Gwela (in Agame)/ [x n] Aregawi Subagadis, governor general of Agame, on 12 October 1860 wrote from Gwel to the French consul: "I will restore to the Catholic priests their old residence of Gwels and I will favour, as far as it depends on me, the communications of your countrymen with my country."			
In December 1860 Abba Gebre Maryam wrote from Gwela "in the name of the of the country". Hayle Mikael wrote in 1861 from Kefa that he had been converted in Gwela by De Jacobis.				
	Three Catholic priests in 1863 wrote from Gwela to Pope Pius IX. They were Tekle Haymanot, Gebre Maryam and Gebre Medhin, and they had all been ordained by Massaja in February 1847.			
KDB22	[Acta aethiopica II pages 130, 139, 148, 225] Gwelgomis (Guelgomis) (area)	08/45	[+ WO]	
HEE77	Gwender 11°30'/39°08' 2301 m	11/39	[n]	
HEJ99	Gwender (Gwonder) 12°35'/37°28' 2133 m	12/37	[n]	
??	Gwerdoma (district north of Debre Libanos) cf Gordoma	09/38	[n]	
JDS43 JEH55	gwere (A) (A) den, lair, burrow, hideout Gwerigowan (Guerigoan) (area) 1388 m Gwia, see Guya	10/42	[+ WO]	
HFE87	Gwila (Guila), cf Gwela	14/39	[+ Gu]	
HFF52	Gwila (Guila) 14°04'/39°38' 2424 m	14/39	[+ Gu]	
HCB28	Gwista (Guista) (area) 05°37'/36°28' 966 m	05/36	[+ WO]	
HCB39	Gwista (Guista, G.) (area)	05/36	[+ WO]	
HEC88	Gwobarwa Kwoskwam (Guobarua Quosquam) (village on hill) see under Bahir Dar	11/37	[+ It]	
HEJ79	Gwobya (area known from the 1600s)	12/37	[20]	
HCN79	Gwochi (area)	07/35	[WO]	
HDF82	Gwodaburka 08°55'/39°34' 1376 m	08/39	[n]	
HDE01	Gwogetti 08°10'/38°34' 1873 m, cf Gogetti	08/38	[n]	
HEJ99	Gwonder, see Gwender			
HDA08	Gwore, see Gore			
HEJ87	Gyen	12/37	[WO]	